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they can succeed in forcing the question past the opposition of the leader who control the machinery and to the point of a vote.

Leaders Show Resentment.
The whole effect of the day's developments was to remove all doubt about the president's position. The leaders went away from the White House understanding fully what the president wanted but it was made clear soon afterward that their attitude was one of resentment against executive interference and some members of the majority party frankly aided prevention of congressional action of any kind.

One member of the foreign affairs committee predicted that no resolution would be reported from that committee. Others advanced the idea of sending a joint committee of both houses to the president for a conference tomorrow on the whole situation, hoping that it might develop some way to keep the question out of congress altogether. Tonight when the White House was seeking some of the leaders, notably Chairman Flood, they were not to be found at their places of residence or at their usual places of assembly.

The possibility that the effort to suppress a vote may succeed is not being overlooked by the president's friends, although they are confident his course will prevail. They say, however, that if the opposition in congress should avoid the issue the president would not hesitate to take his case to the country.

Senate Is Safe.
So far as the senate is concerned, the administration has no doubt. Even the proponents of armed ship resolution admit that a majority on that side of the capital stands ready to support the president. No effort to bring about a vote was made today, however, and it was indicated that action by the house probably would be awaited.

After many informal conferences upon the return of the leaders from the White House the house foreign affairs committee held a two hour session late in the afternoon and adjourned until tomorrow morning without taking any action. Mr. Flood made no announcement but one of the committee members said later that the chairman intended to ask the president to receive the full committee at the White House tomorrow.

It was apparent during the committee meeting that the controlling element was anxious to prevent the reporting of any resolution. Chairman Flood went to the meeting with at least three resolutions bearing on the subject but he offered none of them. All of the members except two dem-

onstrated were present and discussion was indulged in freely by democrats and republicans alike. Some members said they thought they should have more detailed information regarding the international situation than had been given them. They said they wanted a clearer exposition of the president's position, all information that Secretary Lansing could give them and whatever documents the executive department had at hand bearing on the submarine controversy, particularly photographic copies of the British orders regarding armed merchantmen. Mr. Flood will make an attempt tomorrow, as he has previously done to obtain these copies. In this connection some committee members expressed a desire to have Secretary Lansing appear before them.

Leaders Put Back.
While the leaders who conferred with President Wilson reported that the president did not ask for an official endorsement of his course but expressly declared that he wished a straight vote on a warning resolution, the growing tendency throughout the day seemed to be to do almost anything else but comply strictly with his request. The most persistent suggestion, which had the unqualified approval of most of those who urged the original warning legislation, was for a resolution combining an expression of faith in the president with a warning to Americans not to endanger the government by remaining off belligerent armed vessels pending a settlement of the submarine controversy. One of these proposals was widely circulated and had the endorsement of Senator Coad and Representative Shackelford, leaders in the agitation in the two houses.

Staunch champions of the president's course asserted that such a resolution would not confuse the issue as to be wholly unsatisfactory to the administration; that it would, in one breath endorse the president's policy and in the next say that his course was not altogether to the liking of congress.

Joint Committee Suggested.
During the day a suggestion was considered by senate and house leaders that a resolution be adopted creating a joint committee of the house and senate to confer officially with the president on the issue. Speaker Clark was one of those who made this suggestion in a conference with several representatives and senators.

A meeting of the rules committee will be held tomorrow, but no rule will be reported immediately unless the foreign affairs committee has by that time made some recommendation. Of course, if the foreign affairs committee should decline to report a resolution it is possible that the rules committee then would exercise its power of incorporating a resolution in a rule and getting it before the house.

Representative Poul, who left his sick bed to go to the White House declared his support of the president tonight in the following statement:

"Of course, I'm standing with the president in this crisis. He is simply demanding that Americans be warned and afforded some slight opportunity of escape before they are murdered. Women, children and non-combatants are at least entitled to that much consideration. It has been the law of nations for a thousand years. I am with the president and am proud of his Americanism."

The senate recessed tonight in order to shut off all business tomorrow on the question.

"I want this issue disposed of in the senate as well as in the house and that it be done as soon as possible," said Senator Stone. "I for one am ready to vote my convictions and I think every senator is. We are disposed right now to see what the house does before any action is taken here."

Former Partner Still on Stand for Brandeis
Washington, March 1.—The relations of Louis D. Brandeis to the United Shoe Machinery company and his conduct while its counsel and afterwards were defended today by his law partner, Edward P. McClellan, of Boston, before the senate subcommittee investigating Mr. Brandeis' fitness to be a supreme court justice.

McClellan's testimony dealt chiefly with Brandeis' resignation from the company's directorate in 1908, the retention in 1911 of the Brandeis firm as counsel for shoe manufacturers who sought to obtain machinery free from conditions imposed by the company's leases and the publication of an opinion, given in 1910 by the Brandeis firm that the leases were invalid under the anti-trust law.

The opinion, McClellan said, was not intended for publication but was given to Charles H. Jones, a shoe manufacturer, who came to the Brandeis firm and wanted to know if, in view of the company's leases, he could safely acquire some shoe machines recently developed. He was told he could as the firm believed the leases invalid. That opinion, McClellan said, was based on the supreme court's decision in the wall paper case. Jones showed the opinion to the manufacturer of the new machines and the manufacturer published it as an advertisement.

Conspiracy Case Goes to Jury.
New Orleans, March 1.—The case of Police Desert Quintana of charges of conspiracy to violate neutrality laws by shipment of arms and ammunition to Mexico was given to a jury in federal court here tonight after the defendant testified denying all the allegations against him. Judge Foster instructed that a sealed verdict be returned if agreement was reached before court convened tomorrow morning. Quintana formerly was an officer in General Villa's army.

GREAT VICTORY IS ACHIEVED BY PRESIDENT OVER HIS PARTY FOES

Four Elements in Opposition to Chief Executive's Firm Stand for Preservation of American Rights.

REPUBLICANS PRAISED FOR DIGNIFIED STAND

Pacifists, Bryanites, Clark Followers and Pro-Germans Make Up Combination for McLomere Resolution.

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Washington, March 1.—The fight over the foreign policy of the administration, which it is now conceded that the president has won by calling for a show of hands on the McLomere resolution providing that American citizens be warned to keep off of belligerent ships, is one of the most remarkable that has ever been recorded in the political history of this country. Members of the house are still wondering what caused the flare-up of panic over foreign affairs in the house on Thursday. They differ as to the cause, although certain of the fact. There was a real condition of revolt. The latter words state it better than panic, though the element of panic was present, through the fear that the president would put congress in the hole on war before he consulted it about its constitutional duty in the premises.

The New York Evening Post correspondent, who has canvassed the situation with some care, says there was no panic over foreign affairs, but that there was a revolt caused by the political activities of the Bryan democrats, the Menard democrats, the pro-German democrats and some of the old Clark following, who never have loved Wilson or his policies.

Pro-German Element Growing.
Undoubtedly all of these elements were present contributing. The big element undoubtedly was the pro-German following which has been growing in congress. For months there have been deep differences between the president and congress on the subject of a resolution warning Americans off belligerent ships and an embargo on the exportation of arms.

Embargo Move Checked.
The president has been able to hold congress down on the embargo by a firm stand in favor of international law. He has demonstrated that our imperial policy had been to allow the shipment of arms from this country during wars and never to object to subjects of other countries selling arms, as it also is true that we had grown to depend on a free market in this regard, never having stored up arms or ammunition for any possible war we might be engaged in ourselves.

German Policy Cited.
In addition, he was able to bring the knock-down argument against German and Austrian complaints that their people were shipping arms to their enemies that, when they were neutral, they sold to whoever would buy. They sold to Great Britain during the Boer war, though German official opinion was supposedly to be strangely pro-Boer.

Stands for International Law.
The president started out in the same line regarding the rights of neutrals on the high seas. He demanded in his first Lusitania note that international law be observed and plainly told Germany that if her submarines could not capture ships in accordance with the established usage of notice and the removal of non-combatants to safety she should forego captures by submarines. In all of the controversy eight or nine months he never swayed from this position until recently.

Holds to Issue.
Bryan left the cabinet on the issue of the duty of the president to at least advise Americans to keep off ships of belligerents. The president let him go and did not budge. Germany came at him with different propositions, looking to his taking action against Great Britain and her German blockade at the same time that he took his stand against German submarines. The president steadily declined the invitation to mix blood and cotton. He would have a settlement of the law of the first and would discuss property afterwards.

Dispute Nearly Adjusted.
The Lusitania debate was drawing to a close, apparently. The German government had step by step come down. She had agreed no more to torpedo liners without notice. She had expressed regret for the loss of American lives and had proposed to pay indemnity. The president had pressed stiffly for a disavowal of the act. At this Germany had balked, but at last reports she was about ready to "recognize the illegality" of her submarine commander's proceedings. During one of this period can it be said that the president had hearty support from congress. He had been holding it off at arm's length. The arms embargo senators and the house members who wished to distinguish themselves by their constituents by promoting peace through concessions to Germany had been champing at the bit for months.

Hostile Influences Numerous.
All sorts of influences were behind these activities. There was first and foremost the pacific antipatheticism. These people are fanatics. They are violent against any form of recognition that we live in a world of facts. They live in one of dreams. But they are not dreamy politicians. They used every means at their command and

they combined elements of strength in surprising ways to encompass their ends. The Bryan strength in the house, the pro-German power, based on the open threats from German constituents that they would do up the men who were "not fair to Germany," the Panama canal toll crowd, still sore at the president for his victory over them two years ago, and the Clark men who have not lost hope of landing their idol in the White House—all these were ready to combine against the president.

State Department Makes Mistake.
But the president held them as in a vice until February 16, when the state department is alleged to have addressed a note to the allies suggesting that arms be kept off their merchant ships, but disavowing any intention to change international usage in this respect on our own motion. But the final paragraph of this note declared that this government had been seriously considering instructing its officials to the effect that they should treat armed merchantmen as auxiliary cruisers.

Takes Back Track.
While this note was being discussed, Germany issued her new rules for sinking armed merchantmen on sight and without notice and immediately precipitated the row. The president backedpedaled vigorously, as his letter to Senator W. J. Stone showed, and his heat was so manifest in his conferences with members of the house and senate that they went back to their colleagues and whispered about that the president was going to shove them into war.

Opposition Is Terrified.
The whole storm was thus let loose. The pacifists, Bryanites, pro-Germans and Clark men saw the president, nearly over to their side, suddenly slip the noose and get away. They were mad, crazed with fear that he might at any moment appear at the door with a war message.

This they thought they could beat in point of time, with a resolution warning Americans off armed ships and leaving to their fate those who in spite of warning exercised their immemorial rights. Thursday night and Friday morning sufficed to clear the atmosphere of this scare.

War Scare Disipated.
We were not going to get into war immediately. The questions with Germany were still academic. The documents on which to base an opinion of the extent of the new German orders had not even reached this country. So congress, which was in a good deal of a bluster, calmed down and went back to its postoffice bills, its private pension bills and the other things it delights to bury itself in.

Peace reigns but both the president and the house majority had a good scare.

Republicans Only Winners.
The only group who came out of the flurry with credit were the republican senators, led by Henry C. Lodge and Thomas Sterling, who put themselves on record informally as against any change in international law on the initiative of any one or two powers without the consent of all, and the house majority under James R. Mann, which kept a dignified attitude of waiting until it knew something definitely.

The democratic majority again showed, as Judge Patrick H. Kelley, a huge humorous representative from Michigan, expressed it, "that it wants to do something but does not know how."

Cyclone Leader Calmed.
Jeff McLomere, the Texas congressman whose pacifist resolution raised the riot in the house, tells in his congressional biography that he was born on Friday, March 13, year not stated, in a storm. Hence it may be that he is accustomed to cyclones.

But McLomere has had enough of fighting for the present. He issued a statement in which he declared that he would not press his resolution but would turn foreign affairs back to the president.

U. S. CRUISER TO TAKE DELEGATES ON TOUR SOUTH

President Wilson and Secretary Lansing Attach Great Importance to Meeting at Buenos Aires, Argentina.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Washington, March 1.—Arrangements were completed today for the South American visit of the United States section of the international high commission to continue the work begun at the Pan-American financial conference held here last May. The tour, regarded by administration leaders as an important step toward development of closer relations among the American republics, will include conferences with financiers and public officials of several countries and participation in the annual meeting of the full commission at Buenos Aires, where questions of uniform legislation on many topics of commercial interest will be discussed.

President Wilson and Secretary Lansing both have taken a keen interest in the plans for the Buenos Aires meeting, congress has formally approved the tour of the United States delegates and the cruiser Tennessee has been assigned by Secretary Daniels to carry them to and from South America.

Assessment Reduced.
Santa Fe, March 1.—The state tax commission has ordered a reduction of the El Paso & Southwestern railway to \$20,823.25, the same as last year, and of the Southern Pacific to \$8,941,670, this being a cut of \$1,500,000 and \$750,000 respectively. The assessment of the Postal Telegraph company was ordered increased from \$75 to \$100 per pole mile and \$7 to \$9 per wire mile.

Increase in Gold Imports.
Washington, March 1.—Gold imported into the United States from January 1 to February 15 amounted to \$22,682,000, while during the same period exports of gold amounted to \$14,325,000, according to figures made public today by the federal reserve board.

FOUR AMERICANS BRUTALLY TREATED BY CARRANZISTAS

Story of Robbery and Assault at Jimenez and Murder of Chinaman Confirmed; Anarchy at Chihuahua City.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
El Paso, Tex., March 1.—Messages received today from Chihuahua City confirmed reports of last night that four Americans had been beaten and threatened with death by Carranza soldiers at the time a Chinese hotel proprietor at Jimenez was slain several days ago. George M. Henderson, a mining man from San Antonio, Tex., was one of the Americans. He was at Chihuahua City today suffering, it was stated, from the effects of violence at the hands of the Carranza soldiers who looted the hotel owned by the Chinese and robbed the four Americans, who were stopping at the place. Henderson was the only name given.

The same message brought the statement that the action of the Carranza government in deposing General Luis Herrera, in favor of General Luis Gutierrez, as military governor of Chihuahua state, resulted in a state of anarchy at Chihuahua City, which continued until the arrival several days ago of General Gutierrez from Torreon. Herrera was deposed because he made no effort to go out of the state capital in pursuit of Francisco Villa. His friends became incensed, however, when the order came deposing him, and the city, it was declared, was given up to lawlessness and debauchery until the arrival of Gutierrez, whose troops are held responsible for the killing of the Chinese at Jimenez.

REORGANIZATION OF FRISCO SYSTEM DELAYED

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Jefferson City, Mo., March 1.—The modified plan for the reorganization of the St. Louis & San Francisco railroad, submitted on February 18 by Festus J. Wade of St. Louis, was rejected in most of its features by the Missouri public service commission today.

The original reorganization plan was accepted in part and rejected in part by the commission. A motion for a rehearing made by the St. Louis banking concern that sponsored the original plan was withdrawn on February 19 and these interests on the same date also withdrew their motion for a modification of the original.

The Wade plan, then considered by the commission as a modification of the original, remained the only plan before the commission and its rejection as to most of its features today, leaves the Frisco reorganization a problem of the future.

POWER BILL VOTE IS BLOCKED BY SHEPPARD

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Washington, March 1.—Senator Sheppard, of Texas, today blocked another effort to bring to an early vote the Shields water power bill permitting construction of dams on navigable rivers, by refusing unanimous agreement to limit debate on the bill to five-minute speeches after 4 o'clock Friday afternoon and to keep the measure the exclusive subject of discussion before the senate in the mean time.

In the vote of 23 to 15, by which an amendment of Senator Norris was defeated today, supporters of the bill saw evidence of strength and predicted passage of the measure before the end of the week. The Norris amendment provided that the United States should give two years warning before taking possession of any power plant after the expiration of its fifty years license period.

CARRANZA APPOINTS MINISTER TO EUROPE

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Mexico City, Mexico, March 1.—General Carranza has named Juan Sanchez Azcona to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Europe with diplomatic jurisdiction over Great Britain, Belgium, Switzerland, France, Italy, Spain and Portugal.

Senor Azcona was formerly private secretary to the late President Madero and for many years was a leading liberal and a well known editor. He will leave Mexico City to assume his new duties in the near future.

SAYS U. S. ATTORNEY USED COERCIVE METHODS

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
New York, March 1.—Charges of improper conduct were brought against the United States district attorney's office today by Frank Moss, former assistant county prosecutor, who testified before the congressional committee which is investigating impeachment charges brought against United States District Attorney Marshall by Congressman Frank Buchanan of Illinois.

Other witnesses testified to alleged bullying and coercive tactics which they said had been employed by some of Mr. Marshall's assistants.

Relief Comes Instantly.
A dose taken every two hours until three doses are taken will end gripe misery and break up a severe cold either in the head, chest, body or limbs.

Promptly opens clogged-up nostrils and air passages in the head, stops nasty discharge or nose running, relieves sick headache, dizziness, feverishness, sore throat, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and sniffing! Ease your throbbing head! Nothing else in the world works so prompt relief as "Pape's Cold Compound," which costs only 25 cents at any drug store. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, causes no inconvenience. Be sure you get the genuine.

VILLA-ZAPATA FORCES SUPPORT DIAZ MOVEMENT

Only Fear of Old Leaders Is That New Chief Has Not Provided Himself With Bountiful Supply of Gold.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
El Paso, Tex., March 1.—Felix Diaz, nephew of the former Mexican dictator, Porfirio Diaz, who is said to have landed on the east coast of Mexico, to launch a new revolt, has effected an understanding with Zapata and the followers of Villa, according to friends of the latter, who stated today that conferences held here last week with emissaries of Diaz had resulted in an agreement between the leaders.

A junta, it was also stated, had been established here, but federal officials who examined a number of refugee Mexicans suspected of being interested in the movement, were not able to get any definite information concerning its operations.

Villa followers frankly declared that their leader, the proscribed Chihuahua chieftain, would willingly cooperate with Diaz. Villa previously had an understanding with Zapata, who still holds Cuernavaca, south of Mexico City, despite the operations of the Carranza general, Pablo Gonzalez, against it. Villa's only object and hope, it was stated, was to overthrow Carranza, and he would give or accept any aid in accomplishing that purpose.

The only doubt concerning the movement of Diaz involves finances. The Villa partisans who took part in the conferences said they had been assured that Diaz was amply provided with funds to finance a far-reaching revolt in Mexico, but that no proof was furnished them. If Diaz has sufficient financial backing, they declared, his revolt will be sure to succeed. If he took the chance without large supplies of gold, he will fail.

TOWN OF EL ORO IS THREATENED

El Paso, Tex., March 1.—In retaliation for the summary execution of 200 of their comrades by Carranza troops, Zapata soldiers operating near the city of Mexico, have threatened to destroy the town of El Oro and kill all the inhabitants including twenty Americans, according to a mining engineer who reached the border today. Among the Americans at El Oro are a number of women.

Troops of General Pablo Gonzalez who was sent out to capture Cuernavaca, the Zapata stronghold, are said to have captured an entire detachment of Zapata soldiers near El Oro and to have taken them into the town where they were promptly shot to death. Zapata immediately sent word that he intended to destroy the town and all its inhabitants.

Carranza officials have been claiming that Cuernavaca had been evacuated by the Zapata forces, but the mining engineer who brought the news relative to El Oro declared that Carranza forces have not yet approached the city.

GARCIA'S TROOPS ARE DEFEATED IN SKIRMISH

Douglas, Ariz., March 1.—Troops commanded by Rosario Garcia, a former Diaz officer, attacked Salinas, the county seat of the Salinas district, state of Sonora, last week but were driven off in a skirmish with the de facto government troops, according to persons arriving here today.

Just when Garcia contemplated joining the new revolution with Felix Diaz was reported to be planning to launch in Mexico could not be ascertained.

The band of Mexicans reported to have crossed into Sonora, from the American side near here Sunday night was said to be a few miles west of Fronteras, twenty-nine miles south of here, tonight. It had not encountered de facto government troops in that region according to advices here.

American mining men arriving from the southern part of the Suburra district said they were unable to reopen their mines on account of depredations by bandits.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"
To get the genuine, call for full name, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE, Look for signature of E. W. GROVE, Curer's Cold in One Day. 25c.

MILLIONS USE IT TO STOP A COLD

"Pape's Cold Compound" Ends Severe Colds or Grippe in Few Hours.

Relief comes instantly. A dose taken every two hours until three doses are taken will end gripe misery and break up a severe cold either in the head, chest, body or limbs.

Promptly opens clogged-up nostrils and air passages in the head, stops nasty discharge or nose running, relieves sick headache, dizziness, feverishness, sore throat, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and sniffing! Ease your throbbing head! Nothing else in the world works so prompt relief as "Pape's Cold Compound," which costs only 25 cents at any drug store. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, causes no inconvenience. Be sure you get the genuine.

University of New Mexico Debating Season

High School Auditorium
1st Debate—Agricultural College vs. University, March 4th.

2nd Debate—University of Redlands vs. University, March 27th.

3rd Debate—University of Southern California vs. University, April 25th.

TICKETS \$1 FOR SEASON
At Matson's.

What Is Uric Acid? THE CAUSE OF BACKACHE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL AND SUDDEN DEATH.

Ever since the discovery of uric acid in the blood by Scheele, in 1776, and the bad effect it had upon the body, scientists and physicians have striven to rid the tissues and the blood of this poison. Because of its overabundance in the system it causes backache, pains here and there, rheumatism, gout, gravel, neuralgia and sciatica. It was Dr. Pierce who discovered a new agent, called "Annie," which will throw out and completely eradicate this uric acid from the system. "Annie" has proved to be 37 times more potent than lithia, and consequently you need no longer fear muscular or articular rheumatism or gout, or many other diseases which are dependent on an accumulation of uric acid within the body. Send to Dr. Pierce, of the "Invisible" Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., for a pamphlet on "Annie," or send 10 cents for a trial package of "Annie Tablets."

If you feel that tired, worn-out feeling, backache, neuralgia, or if your sleep is disturbed by too frequent urination, go to your best drug store and ask for Doctor Pierce's Annie Tablets.

Doctor Pierce's reputation is back of this medicine and you know that his "Golden Medical Discovery" for the blood and his "Favoside Prescription" for the bile of women have had a splendid reputation for the past fifty years.

Doctor Pierce's Pills are unequalled as a Liver Pill. One tiny Sugar-coated Pellet a Day. Cure Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Dizziness, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.

Makes Stubborn Coughs Vanish in a Hurry

Surprisingly Good Cough Syrup Easily and Cheaply Made at Home

If some one in your family has an obstinate cough or a bad throat or chest cold that has been hanging on and refuses to yield to treatment, get from any drug store a quart of Pinex and make it into a pint of cough syrup, and what that cough vanishes.

Pour the 2 1/2 ounces of Pinex (50 cents worth) into a pint bottle and fill the bottle with plain granulated sugar syrup. The Pinex is about 54 cents, and gives you a 100 pint family supply of a most effective remedy, at a saving of 82. A day's use will usually overcome a hard cough. It is really prepared in a minutes—full directions with Pinex. Keeps perfectly and has a pleasant taste. Children like it.

It's really remarkable how promptly and easily it loosens the dry, hoarse or tight cough and heals the inflamed membrane of the throat. It also stops the formation of phlegm in the throat and bronchial tubes, thus ending the persistent loose cough. A splendid remedy for bronchitis, winter coughs, bronchial asthma and whooping cough.

Pinex is a special and highly concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, rich in quinine, which is no healing to the membrane.

Avoid disappointment by asking your druggist for "2 1/2 ounces of Pinex," and do not accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction goes with this preparation or money promptly refunded. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

He Uses the Safe and Sure Thing at Home

P. A. Efrid, Conjo, Calif., writes as follows:—"I have sold Foley's Honey and Tar Compound and also other lines for many years, but never use anything but Foley's Honey and Tar Compound for my family or myself, as I find it produces the best results, always cures severe colds and sore throat and does not contain opiates or other harmful drugs."

Unthinking and careless people neglect their coughs and colds, not realizing how they weaken the system and lower the vital resistance to such grave diseases as bronchitis, pleurisy and even pneumonia.

For promptly averting serious results from a cold, use Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. It spreads a healing soothing influence over raw inflamed surfaces, eases tightness and soreness of chest, loosens phlegm, whooping cough, stuffy nose, whooping, bronchitis and is gripe cough.

★ ★ ★ Every user is a friend. Sells everywhere.

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The PURE FOOD Whiskey

Drilled and Bottled in Bond
Superior of
100% Grain
Whiskey

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HEALTHFUL

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Fresh Green Peas
Snowball Cauliflower
Strawberry Rhubarb
California Lettuce
Native Spinach
New Potatoes
Fresh Tomatoes
Cottage Cheese
Smoked Salmon
Fresh Bread and Hot Rolls
Every Day at 11 o'clock.

Agents Chase & Sanborn's
Teas and Coffees.

JAFFA'S